Appendix II

USAID STANDARD PROVISIONS FOR NON-U.S. CONTRACTORS

Contractor shall comply with the standard USAID requirements specified in this Appendix. The term shall "Contractor" also mean "Recipient", "Organization" or "Grantee" and the term "Agreement" shall also mean "Contract", "Award" or "Grant" for the purposes of these requirements.

The contractor's obligations are to the International AIDS Vaccine Initiative (IAVI). As such in all instances of notification, submission of documentation, the requesting of approvals and disclosures as required in the provisions below the contractor's obligations are to IAVI and not to USAID. The Contractor will communicate with the Project Manager and Contracting Staff at IAVI as identified in the Notices Section of your Agreement. This is applicable to all instances that reference USAID in the Provisions below except Standard Provision M.12, Mandatory Disclosures, which requires disclosures to be submitted to both IAVI and USAID.

M1. ALLOWABLE COSTS (DECEMBER 2014)

a. The recipient will be reimbursed for costs incurred in carrying out the purposes of this award in accordance with the terms of this award and the applicable cost principles in effect on the date of this award. The recipient may obtain a copy of the applicable cost principles from the Agreement Officer (AO):

2 CFR 200, Subpart E, Cost Principles 48 CFR 31.2 Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) and 48 CFR 731.2 USAID Acquisition Regulations (AIDAR) - Cost Principles for Commercial Organizations

- b. It is the recipient's responsibility to ensure that costs incurred are in accordance with the applicable cost principles, meaning the costs are (1) reasonable: costs which are generally recognized as ordinary and necessary and would be incurred by a prudent person in the conduct of normal business; (2) allocable: incurred specifically for this award; and (3) allowable: conform to any limitations in this award. The recipient must obtain any prior written approvals from the AO that are required by the applicable cost principles. The recipient may obtain the AO's written determination on whether specific costs not clearly addressed in the applicable cost principles are allowable or allocable. The AO reserves the right to make a final determination on the allowability of costs.
- c. USAID will not pay any profit or fee to the recipient or subrecipients of a grant or cooperative agreement. This restriction does not apply to procurements under this award made in accordance with Standard Provision, "Procurement Policies."
- d. The recipient must retain documentation to support charges to this award for a period of three years from the date of submission of the final expenditure report in accordance with the Standard Provision, "Accounting, Audit, and Records."
- e. This provision must be incorporated into all subawards and contracts, which are paid on a cost reimbursement basis.

[END OF PROVISION]

M2. ACCOUNTING, AUDIT, AND RECORDS (OCTOBER 2017)

a. Records and Accounting. The recipient must maintain financial records, supporting documents, statistical records and all other records, to support performance of, and charges to, this award. Such records must comply with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S., the cooperating country, or by the International Accounting Standards Board (a subsidiary of the International Financial Reporting Standards Foundation). Accounting records and supporting documentation must, at a minimum, be adequate to show all costs incurred under this award; receipt and use of goods and services acquired under this award; the costs of the program supplied from other sources; and the overall progress of the program. Unless otherwise notified by USAID, the recipient records and subrecipient records that pertain to this award must be retained for a period of three years from the date of submission of the final expenditure report.

b. Audits.

- (1) The recipient must have an annual audit, consistent with 2 CFR Part 200, Subpart F, for any recipient fiscal year in which the recipient expends a combined total of \$750,000 or more in all USAID awards, either directly or through another USAID contractor or recipient, excluding fixed price contracts and fixed amount awards.
- (i) The audit report must be submitted to USAID within 30 days after receipt of the auditor's report, but no later than nine months after the end of the period audited.
- (ii) The USAID Inspector General will review this report to determine whether it complies with the audit requirements of this award. USAID will only pay for the cost of audits conducted in accordance with the terms of this award.
- (iii) In cases of continued inability or unwillingness to have an audit performed in accordance with the terms of this provision, USAID will consider appropriate sanctions which may include suspension of all, or a percentage of, disbursements until the audit is satisfactorily completed.
- (2) The recipient is not required to have an annual audit for any recipient fiscal year in which the recipient expends a combined total of less than \$750,000 in all USAID awards, either directly or through a prime contractor or recipient, excluding fixed price contracts and fixed amount awards. However, the recipient must make records pertaining to this award for that fiscal year available for review by USAID officials or their designees upon request.
- (3) USAID retains the right to conduct a financial review, require an audit, or otherwise ensure adequate accountability of organizations expending USAID funds, regardless of the audit requirement.

c. Subawards and Contracts.

(1) If the recipient provides USAID resources to other organizations to carry out the USAID-financed program and activities, the recipient is responsible for monitoring such subrecipients or contractors. The costs for subrecipient audits for organizations that meet the threshold in paragraph b. are allowable. The costs for subrecipient audits for organizations that do not meet the threshold in paragraph b. are allowable only for the following types of compliance audits: activities allowed or unallowed; allowable costs/cost principles; eligibility; cost share; level of effort; earmarking; and reporting.

(2) This provision must be incorporated in its entirety into all subawards and contracts with non-U.S. organizations that are for more than \$10,000. Subawards of grants and cooperative agreements made to U.S. organizations must state that the U.S. organization is subject to the audit requirements contained in 2 CFR 200, subpart F.

[END OF PROVISION]

M3. USAID ELIGIBILITY RULES FOR PROCUREMENT OF COMMODITIES AND SERVICES (JUNE 2012)

- a. This provision is not applicable to commodities or services that the recipient provides with private funds as part of a cost-sharing requirement, or with Program Income generated under this award.
- b. Ineligible and Restricted Commodities and Services:
- (1) Ineligible Commodities and Services. The recipient must not, under any circumstances, procure any of the following under this award:
 - (i) Military equipment,
 - (ii) Surveillance equipment,
 - (iii) Commodities and services for support of police or other law enforcement activities,
 - (iv) Abortion equipment and services,
 - (v) Luxury goods and gambling equipment, or
 - (vi) Weather modification equipment.
- (2) Ineligible Suppliers. Any firms or individuals that do not comply with the requirements in Standard Provision "Debarment and Suspension" and Standard Provision "Preventing Terrorist Financing" must not be used to provide any commodities or services funded under this award.
- (3) Restricted Commodities. The recipient must obtain prior written approval of the Agreement Officer (AO) or comply with required procedures under an applicable waiver, as provided by the AO when procuring any of the following commodities:
 - (i) Agricultural commodities,
 - (ii) Motor vehicles,
 - (iii) Pharmaceuticals,
 - (iv) Pesticides,
 - (v) Used equipment,
 - (vi) U.S. Government-owned excess property, or
 - (vii) Fertilizer.

c. Source and Nationality:

Except as may be specifically approved in advance by the AO, all commodities and services that will be reimbursed by USAID under this award must be from the authorized geographic code specified in this award and must meet the source and nationality requirements set forth in 22 CFR 228. If the geographic code is not specified, the authorized geographic code is 937. When the total value of procurement for commodities and services during the life of this award is valued at \$250,000 or less, the authorized geographic code for procurement of all goods and services to be reimbursed under this award is code 935. For a current list of countries within each geographic code, see ADS 310, Source and Nationality Requirements for Procurement of Commodities and Services Financed by USAID.

- d. Guidance on the eligibility of specific commodities and services may be obtained from the AO. If USAID determines that the recipient has procured any commodities or services under this award contrary to the requirements of this provision, and has received payment for such purposes, the AO may require the recipient to refund the entire amount of the purchase.
- e. This provision must be included in all subawards and contracts, which include procurement of commodities or services.

M4. TITLE TO AND USE OF PROPERTY (DECEMBER 2014)

- a. Title to all Property financed under this award vests in the recipient upon acquisition unless otherwise specified in this award.
- b. Property means equipment, supplies, real property, and intangible property, each defined individually below, financed under this award or furnished by USAID:
- (1) Equipment means tangible nonexpendable personal property (including information technology systems) having a useful life of more than one year, and an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or more per unit. However, consistent with the recipient's policy, lower limits may be established.
- (2) Supplies means tangible personal property excluding equipment. A computing device is a supply if the acquisition cost is less than \$5,000 per unit.
- (3) Real Property means land, including land improvements, structures and appurtenances, including permanent fixtures.
- (4) Intangible Property includes, but is not limited to, intellectual property, such as trademarks, copyrights, patents and patent applications, and debt instruments, such as bonds, mortgages, leases or other agreements between a lender and a borrower.
- c. The recipient agrees to use and maintain all Property for the purpose of this award in accordance with the following procedures:
- (1) The recipient must use the Property for the program for which it was acquired during the period of this award, and must not provide any third party a legal or financial interest in the property (e.g., through a mortgage, lien, or lease) without approval of USAID.
- (2) When the Property is no longer needed for the program for which it was acquired during the period of this award, the recipient must use the Property in connection with its other activities, in the following order of priority:
- (i) Activities funded by USAID, then
- (ii) Activities funded by other United States Government (USG) agencies, then
- (iii) As directed by the Agreement Officer (AO).
- d. The recipient must maintain the Property in good condition, have management procedures to protect the Property, and maintain an accurate inventory of all Property. Maintenance procedures must include the following:
- (1) Accurate description of the Property, including serial number, model number, or other identifying number, acquisition date and cost, location and condition, and data on the disposition of any Property (date of disposition, sales price, method used to determine current fair market value, etc.), as applicable.

- (2) A physical inventory of Property that must be taken, and the results reconciled with the equipment records, at least once every two years during the period of this award.
- (3) A control system must be in effect to maintain the Property and ensure adequate safeguards to prevent loss, damage, or theft of the Property. The recipient must maintain appropriate insurance equivalent to insurance the recipient maintains for its own property. Any loss, damage, or theft must be investigated and fully documented, and the recipient must promptly notify the AO. The recipient may be liable where insurance is not sufficient to cover losses or damage.
- e. Upon completion of this award, the recipient must submit to the AO a property disposition report of the following types of Property, along with a proposed disposition of such Property.
- (1) All equipment that has a per unit current fair market value at the end of this award of \$5,000 or more.
- (2) New/unused supplies with an aggregate current fair market value at the end of this award of \$5,000 or more.
- (3) Real or intangible property, of any value.
- f. The recipient must dispose of Property at the end of this award in accordance with the recipient's property disposition report, unless the AO directs the recipient in writing within 60 days of the AO's receipt of the recipient's property disposition report to dispose of the Property in a different manner. Disposition may include the following:
- (1) The recipient may retain title with no further obligation to USAID.
- (2) The recipient may retain title, but must compensate USAID for the USAID share, based on the current fair market value of the Property.
- (3) The recipient may be directed to transfer title to USAID or a third party, including another implementing partner or the host country government. In such case, the recipient will be compensated for its proportional share of the Property that the recipient financed with its own funds, if any, based on the current fair market value of the Property.
- g. The AO may direct, at any time during this award, that title to the Property vests in the USG or a third party, such as the cooperating country. In such cases, the recipient must maintain custody and control of the Property, until directed otherwise, and must allow reasonable access to the Property to the title holder. While in its custody and control, the recipient must follow the provisions above for protection and maintenance of the Property, and provide the AO with an annual inventory of such Property and follow any additional instructions on protection and maintenance as may be provided by the AO.
- h. This provision must be included in all subawards and contracts.

M.5. Marking and Public Communications Under USAID Funded Assistance USNGO (DEC 2014)

(a) As a condition of receipt of this Agreement, Contractor must mark all overseas programs, projects, activities, public communications and commodities in accordance with the attached IAVI Marking Plan. In doing so, marking with either the IAVI logo or the USAID logo (as stipulated) should be of a size and prominence equivalent to or greater than the logos of Contractor, Contractor's other donors, or third parties.

- (b) Any "public communication" in which the content has not been approved by USAID must contain the following disclaimer:
 - "This study/report/audio/visual/other information/media product (specify) is made possible by the support of the American People through the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) and the US President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR). The contents of this (specify) are the sole responsibility of (insert recipient name) and do not necessarily reflect the views of USAID, PEPFAR, or the United States Government."
- (c) The contractor must provide the IAVI Project Manager with two copies of all program and communications materials produced under this award.
- (d) Definition: Program materials and "public communications" (documents and messages intended for external distribution, including but not limited to correspondence; publications; studies; reports; audio visual productions; applications; forms; press; and promotional materials).

M6. AWARD TERMINATION AND SUSPENSION (DECEMBER 2014)

- a. IAVI may suspend this award, in whole or in part, at any time, following notice to the recipient, and prohibit the recipient from incurring additional obligations chargeable to this award other than those costs specified in the notice of suspension during the period of suspension.
- b. In the event the recipient or any of its employees, subrecipients, or contractors are found to have been convicted of a narcotics offense or to have been engaged in drug trafficking as defined in 22 CFR 140, IAVI reserves the right to terminate this award, in whole or in part, or take any other appropriate measures including, without limitation, refund or recall of any award amount. Additionally, the recipient must make a good-faith effort to maintain a drug-free workplace and USAID reserves the right to terminate or suspend this award if the recipient materially fails to do so.

[END OF PROVISION]

M7. DEBARMENT AND SUSPENSION (JUNE 2012)

- a. The recipient must not transact or conduct business under this award with any individual or entity that has an active exclusion on the System for Award Management (SAM) (www.sam.gov) unless prior approval is received from the Agreement Officer. The list contains those individuals and entities that the U.S. Government has suspended or debarred based on misconduct or a determination by the U.S. Government that the person or entity cannot be trusted to safeguard U.S. Government funds. Suspended or debarred entities or individuals are excluded from receiving any new work or any additional U.S. Government funding for the duration of the exclusion period. If the recipient has any questions about listings in the system, these must be directed to the Agreement Officer.
- b. The recipient must comply with Subpart C of 2 CFR Section 180, as supplemented by 2 CFR 780. USAID may disallow costs, annul or terminate the transaction, debar or suspend the recipient, or take other remedies as appropriate, if the recipient violates this provision. Although doing so is not automatic, USAID may terminate this award if a recipient or any of its principals meet any of the conditions listed in paragraph c. below. If such a situation arises, USAID will consider the totality of circumstances—including the recipient's response to the situation and any additional information submitted—when USAID determines its response.

- c. The recipient must notify the Agreement Officer immediately upon learning that it or any of its principals, at any time prior to or during the duration of this award:
- (1) Are presently excluded or disqualified from doing business with any U.S. Government entity;
- (2) Have been convicted or found liable within the preceding three years for committing any offense indicating a lack of business integrity or business honesty such as fraud, embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery or lying;
- (3) Are presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by any governmental entity for any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph c.(2); or
- (4) Have had one or more U.S.-funded agreements terminated for cause or default within the preceding three years.
- d. Principal means-
- (1) An officer, director, owner, partner, principal investigator, or other person within a participant with management or supervisory responsibilities related to a covered transaction; or
- (2) A consultant or other person, whether or not employed by the participant or paid with Federal funds, who—
- (i) Is in a position to handle Federal funds;
- (ii) Is in a position to influence or control the use of those funds; or,
- (iii) Occupies a technical or professional position capable of substantially influencing the development or outcome of an activity required to perform the covered transaction.
- e. The recipient must include this provision in its entirety except for paragraphs c.(2)-(4) in any subawards or contracts entered into under this award.

M8. PREVENTING TERRORIST FINANCING (AUGUST 2013)

- a. The recipient must not engage in transactions with, or provide resources or support to, individuals and organizations associated with terrorism including those individuals or entities that appear on the Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List maintained by the U.S. Treasury (online at: http://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/SDN-List/Pages/default.aspx) or the United Nations Security designation list (online at: http://www.un.org/sc/committees/1267/aq_sanctions_list.shtml).
- b. This provision must be included in all subawards and contracts issued under this award.

[END OF PROVISION]

M9. TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS (April 2016)

a. The recipient, subawardee, or contractor, at any tier, or their employees, labor recruiters, brokers or other agents, must not engage in:

- (1) Trafficking in persons (as defined in the Protocol to Prevent, Suppress, and Punish Trafficking in Persons, especially Women and Children, supplementing the UN Convention against Transnational Organized Crime) during the period of this award;
- (2) Procurement of a commercial sex act during the period of this award;
- (3) Use of forced labor in the performance of this award;
- (4) Acts that directly support or advance trafficking in persons, including the following acts:
 - i. Destroying, concealing, confiscating, or otherwise denying an employee access to that employee's identity or immigration documents;
 - ii. Failing to provide return transportation or pay for return transportation costs to an employee from a country outside the United States to the country from which the employee was recruited upon the end of employment if requested by the employee, unless:
 - a) exempted from the requirement to provide or pay for such return transportation by USAID under this award; or
 - b) the employee is a victim of human trafficking seeking victim services or legal redress in the country of employment or a witness in a human trafficking enforcement action;
 - iii. Soliciting a person for the purpose of employment, or offering employment, by means of materially false or fraudulent pretenses, representations, or promises regarding that employment;
 - iv. Charging employees recruitment fees; or
 - v. Providing or arranging housing that fails to meet the host country housing and safety standards.
- b. For purposes of this provision, "employee" means an individual who is engaged in the performance of this award as a direct employee, consultant, or volunteer of the recipient or any subrecipient.
- c. IAVI shall have the right to unilaterally terminate this Agreement if the Contractor, the Contractor's employees, subcontractors or subcontractor's employees is determined to have violated any of the prohibitions of this Provision. The Contractor must inform IAVI immediately of any information the Contractor receives from any source alleging a violation of any prohibitions of this Provision. The Contractor shall include this provision in any subcontracts or subawards under this Agreement.

M10. NONDISCRIMINATION (JUNE 2012)

No U.S. citizen or legal resident shall be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex under any program or activity funded by this award when work under the grant is performed in the U.S. or when employees are recruited from the U.S.

Additionally, USAID is committed to achieving and maintaining a diverse and representative workforce and a workplace free of discrimination. Based on law, Executive Order, and Agency policy, USAID

prohibits discrimination, including harassment, in its own workplace on the basis of race, color, religion, sex (including pregnancy and gender identity), national origin, disability, age, veteran's status, sexual orientation, genetic information, marital status, parental status, political affiliation, and any other conduct that does not adversely affect the performance of the employee.

In addition, the Agency strongly encourages its recipients and their subrecipients and vendors (at all tiers), performing both in the U.S. and overseas, to develop and enforce comprehensive nondiscrimination policies for their workplaces that include protection for all their employees on these expanded bases, subject to applicable law.

[END OF PROVISION]

M11. PILOT PROGRAM FOR ENHANCEMENT OF GRANTEE EMPLOYEE WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS (SEPTEMBER 2014)

The requirement to comply with and inform all employees of the "Pilot Program for Enhancement of Contractor Employee Whistleblower Protections" is retroactively effective for all assistance awards and subawards (including subcontracts) issued beginning July 1, 2013.

The Grantee must:

- 1. Inform its employees working under this award in the predominant native language of the workforce that they are afforded the employee whistleblower rights and protections provided under 41 U.S.C. § 4712; and
- 2. Include such requirement in any subaward or subcontract made under this award.
 41 U.S.C. § 4712 states that an employee of a Grantee may not be discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for "whistleblowing." In addition, whistleblower protections cannot be waived by any agreement, policy, form, or condition of employment.

Whistleblowing is defined as making a disclosure "that the employee reasonably believes" is evidence of any of the following:

- * Gross mismanagement of a Federal contract or grant;
- * A gross waste of Federal funds;
- * An abuse of authority relating to a Federal contract or grant;
- * A substantial and specific danger to public health or safety; or
- * A violation of law, rule, or regulation related to a Federal contract or grant (including the competition for, or negotiation of, a contract or grant).

To qualify under the statute, the employee's disclosure must be made to:

- * A Member of the U.S. Congress, or a representative of a U.S. Congressional Committee;
- * A cognizant U.S. Inspector General;
- * The U.S. Government Accountability Office;

- * A Federal employee responsible for contract or grant oversight or management at the relevant agency;
- * A U.S. court or grand jury; or,
- * A management official or other employee of the Grantee who has the responsibility to investigate, discover, or address misconduct.

[End of Provision]

M12. MANDATORY DISCLOSURES (July 2015)

Consistent with 2 CFR §200.113, applicants and recipients must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the USAID Office of the Inspector General, with a copy to the cognizant Agreement Officer, all violations of Federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the Federal award. Subrecipients must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the USAID Office of the Inspector General and to the prime recipient, IAVI (pass through entity), all violations of Federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the Federal award.

Disclosures must be sent to:

U.S. Agency for International Development Office of the Inspector General P.O. Box 657 Washington, DC 20044-0657

Phone: 1-800-230-6539 or 202-712-1023

Email: ig.hotline@usaid.gov

URL: https://oig.usaid.gov/content/usaid-contractor-reporting-form.

For disclosure to IAVI, the disclosures must be sent to the IAVI General Counsel's Office (refer to Notices Section of the Agreement).

Failure to make required disclosures can result in any of the remedies described in 2 CFR §200.338 Remedies for noncompliance, including suspension or debarment (See 2 CFR 180, 2 CFR 780 and 31 U.S.C. 3321).

The recipient must include this mandatory disclosure requirement in all subawards and contracts under this award.

[End of Provision]

M13. NONDISCRIMINATION AGAINST BENEFICIARIES (November 2016)

(a) USAID policy requires that the recipient not discriminate against any beneficiaries in implementation of this award, such as, but not limited to, by withholding, adversely impacting, or denying equitable access to the benefits provided through this award on the basis of any factor not expressly stated in the award. This includes, for example, race, color, religion, sex (including gender identity, sexual orientation, and pregnancy), national origin, disability, age, genetic information, marital status, parental status, political affiliation, or veteran's status. Nothing in this provision is intended to limit the ability of the recipient to target activities toward the assistance needs of certain populations as defined in the award.

(b) The recipient must insert this provision, including this paragraph, in all subawards and contracts under this award.

[End of Provision]

M14. PROHIBITION ON REQUIRING CERTAIN INTERNAL CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENTS OR STATEMENTS (MAY 2017)

(a) Definitions.

"Contract" has the meaning given in 2 CFR Part 200.

"Contractor" means an entity that receives a contract as defined in 2 CFR Part 200.

"Internal confidentiality agreement or statement" means a confidentiality agreement or any other written statement that the recipient requires any of its employees or subrecipients to sign regarding nondisclosure of recipient information, except that it does not include confidentiality agreements arising out of civil litigation or confidentiality agreements that recipient employees or subrecipients sign at the behest of a Federal agency.

"Subaward" has the meaning given in 2 CFR Part 200.

"Subrecipient" has the meaning given in 2 CFR Part 200.

- (b) The recipient must not require its employees, subrecipients, or contractors to sign or comply with internal confidentiality agreements or statements that prohibit or otherwise restrict employees, subrecipients, or contractors from lawfully reporting waste, fraud, or abuse related to the performance of a Federal award to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information (for example, the Agency Office of the Inspector General).
- (c) The recipient must notify current employees and subrecipients that prohibitions and restrictions of any preexisting internal confidentiality agreements or statements covered by this provision, to the extent that such prohibitions and restrictions are inconsistent with the prohibitions of this provision, are no longer in effect.
- (d) The prohibition in paragraph (b) of this provision does not contravene the requirements applicable to Standard Form 312 (Classified Information Nondisclosure Agreement), Form 4414 (Sensitive Compartmented Information Nondisclosure Agreement), or any other form issued by a Federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.
- (e) In accordance with section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015, (Pub. L. 113-235), and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions) use of funds appropriated (or otherwise made available) is prohibited, if the Government determines that the recipient is not in compliance with the requirements of this provision.
- (f) The recipient must include the substance of this provision, including this paragraph (f), in subawards and contracts under such awards.

(End of Provision)

Required as Applicable Standard Provisions

RAA1. TRAVEL AND INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORTATION (DECEMBER 2014)

a. TRAVEL COSTS

All travel costs must comply with the applicable cost principles and must be consistent with those normally allowed in like circumstances in the recipient's non-USAID-funded activities. Costs incurred by employees and officers for travel, including air fare, costs of lodging, other subsistence, and incidental expenses, may be considered reasonable and allowable only to the extent such costs do not exceed reasonable charges normally allowed by the recipient in its regular operations as the result of the recipient organization's written travel policy and are within the limits established by the applicable cost principles. In the absence of a reasonable written policy regarding international travel costs, the standard for determining the reasonableness of reimbursement for international travel costs will be the Standardized Regulations (Government Civilians, Foreign Areas), published by the U.S. Department of State, as from time to time amended. The most current Standardized Regulations on international travel costs may be obtained from the AO. In the event that the cost for air fare exceeds the customary standard commercial airfare (coach or equivalent) or the lowest commercial discount airfare, the recipient must document one of the allowable exceptions from the applicable cost principles.

b. FLY AMERICA ACT RESTRICTIONS

- (1) The recipient must use U.S. Flag Air Carriers for all international air transportation (including personal effects) funded by this award pursuant to the Fly America Act and its implementing regulations to the extent service by such carriers is available.
- (2) In the event that the recipient selects a carrier other than a U.S. Flag Air Carrier for international air transportation, in order for the costs of such international air transportation to be allowable, the recipient must document such transportation in accordance with this provision and maintain such documentation pursuant to the Standard Provision, "Accounting, Audit and Records." The documentation must use one of the following reasons or other exception under the Fly America Act:
- (i) The recipient uses a European Union (EU) flag air carrier, which is an airline operating from an EU country that has signed the US-EU "Open Skies" agreement (http://www.state.gov/e/eb/rls/othr/ata/i/ic/170684.htm).
- (ii) Travel to or from one of the following countries on an airline of that country when no city pair fare is in effect for that leg (see http://apps.fas.gsa.gov/citypairs/search/):
- a. Australia on an Australian airline.
- b. Switzerland on a Swiss airline, or
- c. Japan on a Japanese airline;
- (iii) Only for a particular leg of a route on which no US Flag Air Carrier provides service on that route;
- (iv) For a trip of 3 hours or less, the use of a US Flag Air Carrier at least doubles the travel time;

- (v) If the US Flag Air Carrier offers direct service, use of the US Flag Air Carrier would increase the travel time by more than 24 hours; or
- (vi) If the US Flag Air Carrier does not offer direct service,
- a. Use of the US Flag Air Carrier increases the number of aircraft changes by 2 or more,
- b. Use of the US Flag Air Carrier extends travel time by 6 hours or more, or
- c. Use of the US Flag Air Carrier requires a layover at an overseas interchange of 4 hours or more.

c. **DEFINITIONS**

The terms used in this provision have the following meanings:

- (1) "Travel costs" means expenses for transportation, lodging, subsistence (meals and incidentals), and related expenses incurred by employees who are on travel status on official business of the recipient for any travel outside the country in which the organization is located. "Travel costs" do not include expenses incurred by employees who are not on official business of the recipient, such as rest and recuperation (R&R) travel offered as part of an employee's benefits package that are consistent with the recipient's personnel and travel policies and procedures.
- (2) "International air transportation" means international air travel by individuals (and their personal effects) or transportation of cargo by air between a place in the United States and a place outside thereof, or between two places both of which are outside the United States.
- (3) "U.S. Flag Air Carrier" means an air carrier on the list issued by the U.S. Department of Transportation at http://ostpxweb.dot.gov/aviation/certific/certlist.htm. U.S. Flag Air Carrier service also includes service provided under a code share agreement with another air carrier when the ticket, or documentation for an electronic ticket, identifies the U.S. flag air carrier's designator code and flight number.
- (4) For this provision, the term "United States" includes the fifty states, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, possessions of the United States, and the District of Columbia.

d. SUBAWARDS AND CONTRACTS

This provision must be included in all subawards and contracts under which this award will finance international air transportation.

[END OF PROVISION]

RAA2. OCEAN SHIPMENT OF GOODS (JUNE 2012)

a. Prior to contracting for ocean transportation to ship goods purchased or financed with USAID funds under this award, the recipient must contact the office below to determine the flag and class of vessel to be used for shipment:

U.S. Agency for International Development, Bureau for Management Office of Acquisition and Assistance, Transportation Division Email: oceantransportation@usaid.gov

b. This provision must be included in all subagreements, including subawards and contracts.

[END OF PROVISION]

RAA3. REPORTING HOST GOVERNMENT TAXES (JUNE 2012)

Quarterly financial reports or other requests for reimbursement in accordance with the payment terms of this Agreement should include the amount of any value added tax (VAT) and custom duties paid to the foreign government of the country receiving assistance hereunder on purchase transactions valued at \$500 or more, as defined in the provision below, financed under this Agreement as well as any reimbursements of such taxes that may be received during the period of this Agreement. IAVI will utilize this information to comply with the reporting requirement below. The sub-recipient does not need to submit a report by April 16 but should instead include this information in it expense reports/invoices.

- a. By April 16 of each year, the recipient must submit a report containing:
- (i) Contractor/recipient name.
- (ii) Contact name with phone, fax and e-mail.
- (iii) Agreement number(s).
- (iv) The total amount of value-added taxes and customs duties (but not sales taxes) assessed by the host government (or any entity thereof) on purchases in excess of \$500 per transaction of supplies, materials, goods or equipment, during the 12 months ending on the preceding September 30, using funds provided under this contract/agreement.
- (v) Any reimbursements received by April 1 of the current year on value-added taxes and customs duties reported in (iv).
- (vi) Reports are required even if the recipient did not pay any taxes or receive any reimbursements during the reporting period.
- (vii) Cumulative reports may be provided if the recipient is implementing more than one program in a foreign country.
- b. Submit the reports to: [insert address and point of contact at the Embassy, Mission, or M/CFO/CMP as appropriate, may include an optional "with a copy to"].
- c. Host government taxes are not allowable where the Agreement Officer provides the necessary means to the recipient to obtain an exemption or refund of such taxes, and the recipient fails to take reasonable steps to obtain such exemption or refund. Otherwise, taxes are allowable in accordance with the Standard Provision, "Allowable Costs," and must be reported as required in this provision.
- d. The recipient must include this reporting requirement in all applicable subagreements, including subawards and contracts.

[END OF PROVISION]

RAA4. PATENT RIGHTS (JUNE 2012)

a. Patent Rights

- (1) Allocation of Principal Patent Rights. The recipient may retain the entire right, title, and interest throughout the world to each subject invention, subject to this provision. With respect to any subject invention in which the recipient retains title, the U.S. Government must have a nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrevocable, paid-up license to practice or have practiced for or on behalf of the U.S. Government the subject invention throughout the world, and to sublicense others to do the same. The recipient agrees to include, within the specification of any United States patent application and any patent issuing thereon covering a subject invention, the following statement: "This invention was made with U.S. Government support under (identify the agreement awarded by USAID). The U.S. Government has certain rights in this invention."
- (2) Definitions. For purposes of this provision, the following terms will have the following meaning:
- (i) "Invention" means any invention or discovery which is or may be patentable or otherwise protectable under Title 35 of the United States Code.
- (ii) "Subject invention" means any invention of the recipient conceived or first actually reduced to practice in the performance of work under this award.
- (3) The recipient must disclose each subject invention to the National Institutes of Health (NIH) EDISON Patent Reporting and Tracking System (http://www.iedison.gov) within two months after the inventor discloses it in writing to recipient personnel responsible for patent matters. In addition, the recipient agrees to submit, on request, periodic reports to the Agreement Officer's Representative, no more frequently than annually, on the utilization of a subject invention.
- (4) Conditions When the U.S. Government May Obtain Title. The recipient must convey title to any subject invention to USAID, upon written request, subject to the recipient's retention of a nonexclusive, royalty-free license throughout the world, in each subject invention:
- (i) If the recipient fails to file a U.S. patent application or to disclose the subject invention to USAID at least 60 days prior to the statutory period for filing a patent in the United States, fails to file any non-U.S. patent applications within either ten months of the corresponding initial patent application or six months from the date permission is granted by the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks to file foreign patent applications, or elects not to retain title.
- (ii) In any country in which the recipient decides not to continue the prosecution of any application for, to pay the maintenance fees on, or defend in reexamination or opposition proceeding on a patent on a subject invention.
- b. Subawards and Contracts: Recipient must include this the Standard Provision, suitably modified to identify the parties, in all subawards and contracts, regardless of tier, for experimental, developmental, or research work to be performed by a small business firm or nonprofit organization. The recipient must retain all rights provided for the USG in this the Standard Provision, and the recipient must not, as part of the consideration for awarding the contract or subaward, obtain more rights in the contractor's or subrecipient's subject inventions than provided in this provision.

RAA5. INVESTMENT PROMOTION (NOVEMBER 2003)

a. Except as specifically set forth in this award or otherwise authorized by USAID in writing, no funds or other support provided hereunder may be used for any activity that involves investment promotion in a foreign country.

- b. In the event the recipient is requested or wishes to provide assistance in the above area or requires clarification from USAID as to whether the activity would be consistent with the limitation set forth above, the recipient must notify the Agreement Officer and provide a detailed description of the proposed activity. The recipient must not proceed with the activity until advised by USAID that it may do so.
- c. The recipient must ensure that its employees and subrecipients and contractors providing investment promotion services hereunder are made aware of the restrictions set forth in this clause and must include this clause in all contracts and other subawards entered into hereunder.

RAA6. CONSCIENCE CLAUSE IMPLEMENTATION (ASSISTANCE) (FEBRUARY 2012)

An organization, including a faith-based organization, that is otherwise eligible to receive funds under this agreement for HIV/AIDS prevention, treatment, or care—

- (a) Shall not be required, as a condition of receiving such assistance—
- (1) To endorse or utilize a multisectoral or comprehensive approach to combating HIV/AIDS; or
- (2) To endorse, utilize, make a referral to, become integrated with, or otherwise participate in any program or activity to which the organization has a religious or moral objection; and
- (b) Shall not be discriminated against in the solicitation or issuance of grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements for refusing to meet any requirement described in paragraph (a) above.

[END OF PROVISION]

RAA7. CONDOMS (ASSISTANCE) (SEPTEMBER 2014)

Information provided about the use of condoms as part of projects or activities that are funded under this agreement shall be medically accurate and shall include the public health benefits and failure rates of such use and shall be consistent with USAID's fact sheet entitled "USAID HIV/STI Prevention and Condoms". This fact sheet may be accessed at:

http://www.usaid.gov/sites/default/files/documents/1864/CondomSTIIssueBrief.pdf.

The prime recipient must flow this provision down in all subawards, procurement contracts, or subcontracts for HIV/AIDS activities.

RAA8. PROHIBITION ON THE PROMOTION OR ADVOCACY OF THE LEGALIZATION OR PRACTICE OF PROSTITUTION OR SEX TRAFFICKING(ASSISTANCE) (SEPTEMBER 2014)

- (a) The U.S. Government is opposed to prostitution and related activities, which are inherently harmful and dehumanizing, and contribute to the phenomenon of trafficking in persons. None of the funds made available under this agreement may be used to promote or advocate the legalization or practice of prostitution or sex trafficking. Nothing in the preceding sentence shall be construed to preclude the provision to individuals of palliative care, treatment, or post-exposure pharmaceutical prophylaxis, and necessary pharmaceuticals and commodities, including test kits, condoms, and, when proven effective, microbicides.
- (b)(1) Except as provided in (b)(2), by accepting this award or any subaward, a non-governmental organization or public international organization awardee/subawardee agrees that it is opposed to the practices of prostitution and sex trafficking.
- (b)(2) The following organizations are exempt from (b)(1):

- (i) the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria; the World Health Organization; the International AIDS Vaccine Initiative; and any United Nations agency.
- (ii) U.S. non-governmental organization recipients/subrecipients and contractors/subcontractors.
- (iii) Non-U.S. contractors and subcontractors if the contract or subcontract is for commercial items and services as defined in FAR 2.101, such as pharmaceuticals, medical supplies, logistics support, data management, and freight forwarding.
- (b)(3) Notwithstanding section (b)(2)(iii), not exempt from (b)(1) are non-U.S. recipients, subrecipients, contractors, and subcontractors that implement HIV/AIDS programs under this assistance award, any subaward, or procurement contract or subcontract by:
 - (i) Providing supplies or services directly to the final populations receiving such supplies or services in host countries;
 - (ii) Providing technical assistance and training directly to host country individuals or entities on the provision of supplies or services to the final populations receiving such supplies and services; or
 - (iii) Providing the types of services listed in FAR 37.203(b)(1)-(6) that involve giving advice about substantive policies of a recipient, giving advice regarding the activities referenced in (i) and (ii), or making decisions or functioning in a recipient's chain of command (e.g., providing managerial or supervisory services approving financial transactions, personnel actions).
- (c) The following definitions apply for purposes of this provision:
- "Commercial sex act" means any sex act on account of which anything of value is given to or received by any person.
- "Prostitution" means procuring or providing any commercial sex act and the "practice of prostitution" has the same meaning.
- "Sex trafficking" means the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for the purpose of a commercial sex act (22 U.S.C. 7102(9)).
- (d) The recipient must insert this provision, which is a standard provision, in all subawards, procurement contracts or subcontracts for HIV/AIDS activities.
- (e) This provision includes express terms and conditions of the award and any violation of it shall be grounds for unilateral termination of the award by USAID prior to the end of its term.

RAA9. CONTRACT PROVISION FOR DBA INSURANCE UNDER RECIPIENT PROCUREMENTS (DECEMBER 2014)

All contracts made by the recipient under this award for services to be performed overseas must contain the following provision, as applicable.

- a) The Contractor must--
- (1) Before commencing performance under this contract, establish provisions to provide for the payment of disability compensation and medical benefits to covered employees and death benefits to their eligible

survivors, by purchasing Defense Base Act (DBA) insurance pursuant to the terms of the contract between USAID and USAID's DBA insurance carrier unless the Contractor qualifies as a self-insurer under the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 932) as extended by the Defense Base Act (42 U.S.C. 1651, et seq.), or has an approved retrospective rating agreement for DBA. The Contractor must continue to maintain these provisions to provide such Defense Base Act benefits until contract performance is completed.

- (2) If USAID or the Contractor has secured a waiver of DBA coverage in accordance with AIDAR 728.305-70(a) for contractor's employees who are not citizens of, residents of, or hired in the United States, the contractor agrees to provide such employees with worker's compensation benefits as required by the laws of the country in which the employees are working, or by the laws of the employee's native country, whichever offers greater benefits. The Department of Labor has granted partial blanket waivers of DBA coverage applicable to USAID-financed contracts performed in countries listed in the DEFENSE BASE ACT (DBA) WAIVER LIST.
- (3) Within ten days of an employee's injury or death or from the date the Contractor has knowledge of the injury or death, submit Form LS-202 (Employee's First Report of Injury or Occupational Illness) to the Department of Labor in accordance with the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 930(a), 20 CFR 702.201 to 702.203).
- (4) Pay all compensation due for disability or death within the timeframes required by the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 914, 20 CFR 702.231 and 703.232).
- (5) Provide for medical care as required by the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 907, 20 CFR 702.402 and 702.419).
- (6) If controverting the right to compensation, submit Form LS-207 (Notice of Controversion of Right to Compensation) to the Department of Labor in accordance with the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 914(d), 20 CFR 702.251).
- (7) Immediately upon making the first payment of compensation in any case, submit Form LS-206 (Payment of Compensation Without Award) to the Department of Labor in accordance with the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 914(c), 20 CFR 702.234).
- (8) When payments are suspended or when making the final payment, submit Form LS-208 (Notice of Final Payment or Suspension of Compensation Payments) to the Department of Labor in accordance with the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 914 (c) and (g), 20 CFR 702.234 and 702.235).
- (9) Adhere to all other provisions of the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act as extended by the Defense Base Act, and Department of Labor regulations at 20 CFR Parts 701 to 704. For additional information on the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act requirements see http://www.dol.gov/owcp/dlhwc/lsdba.htm.

The Contractor must insert the substance of this clause including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts to which the Defense Base Act applies.

[END OF PROVISION]

Additional Provisions:

- 1. <u>Clean Air/Water.</u> This provision is applicable to contracts in excess of \$150,000 to be performed in the United States. Contractor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.) Violations are to be reported to IAVI.
- 2. <u>Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment</u>. *This Provision is applicable to agreements in excess of \$100,000*. Pursuant to 22 CFR Part 227, Contractor agrees to: (a) sign and submit to IAVI (i) upon signing of this Agreement, the required certification that it has not used and will not use federal appropriated

funds to influence various government officials in making certain federal awards, using the "Certification Regarding Lobbying" form, and (ii) the "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities Form", if it uses or has agreed to use funds other than federal appropriated funds for this purpose; (b) sign and submit to IAVI at the end of each calendar quarter the Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities Form, if (i) it uses or has agreed to use funds other than federal appropriated funds and/or (ii) an event occurs that materially affects (as defined in 22 CFR Part 227) the accuracy of any information contained in any Disclosure Form previously submitted by the Contractor to IAVI. This provision must be included in all contracts, subcontracts or sub-awards exceeding \$100,000 awarded hereunder.

The text of the Standard Provisions and other regulations that are referenced above is available at the following websites.

2 CFR 200 - http://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?tpl=/ecfrbrowse/Title02/2cfr200_main_02.tpl

2 CFR 700 - http://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-

idx?SID=531ffcc47b660d86ca8bbc5a64eed128&mc=true&node=pt2.1.700&rgn=div5

USAID Standard Provisions for Non-U.S. Organizations -

https://www.usaid.gov/sites/default/files/documents/1868/303mab.pdf

FAR Part 31 – https://www.acquisition.gov/far/html/FARTOCP31.html

AIDAR Part 731 - https://www.usaid.gov/sites/default/files/documents/1868/aidar 0.pdf

IAVI Marking Plan under USAID Cooperative Agreement AID-OAA-A-16-00032

Background

The International AIDS Vaccine Initiative (IAVI) and partners propose an Africa-centered model of global partnership to *Accelerate the Development of Vaccines and New Technologies to Combat the AIDS Epidemic* (ADVANCE).

IAVI will partner with Imperial College London (UK) and a network of eight African Clinical Research Centers and laboratories led by highly skilled, in-country researchers at the following institutions:

- Aurum Institute (South Africa)
- Kenya AIDS Vaccine Initiative-Institute for Clinical Research
- Kenya Medical Research Institute-Wellcome Trust Research Programme
- Medical Research Council-Uganda
- Projet San Francisco (Rwanda)
- Uganda Virus Research Institute-IAVI
- University of Kwa-Zulu Natal, HIV Pathogenesis Programme (South Africa)
- Zambia-Emory HIV Research Project

This network, called ADVANCE Centers of Research Excellence (CORE), will drive regional collaboration, capacity building and research to test promising HIV vaccine candidates, and to better understand the epidemic in Africa.

ADVANCE provides a critical foundation for IAVI's mission: to ensure the development of safe, effective, accessible, preventive HIV vaccines for use throughout the world, with a focus on developing countries, where the need is especially urgent. A vaccine to prevent HIV will be a truly global public good, with the potential to change human history and end this terrible pandemic. A comprehensive approach to HIV/AIDS requires vast international resources and intervention. USAID has displayed remarkable leadership in this regard. At the same time, no country or donor can or should single-handedly bear the burden of addressing these complex challenges, including developing and ensuring the availability of an AIDS vaccine worldwide.

As an international organization, IAVI's continued success in accelerating the development of promising AIDS vaccine candidates relies upon long-term engagement with our diverse portfolio of contributors and other stakeholders. This fact is reflected in our Marking Plan. IAVI and partners will implement a Marking Plan that will prominently highlight USAID's role as a project donor in project deliverables, public communications, commodities, program materials and events.

IAVI's multi-donor logo, in which the USAID and PEPFAR logos are visually dominant, will be used to mark items such as physical infrastructure, workshops, and program communications; the USAID-logo sticker will be used to mark equipment procured entirely with USAID funds.

When appropriate, items will be marked as follows:

- Publications and other public communications marked with IAVI multi-donor logo in a visible location such as the front or back cover;
- Invitation letterhead, report or cover marked with IAVI multi-donor logo in a visible location such as in the body text or as a footer
- Equipment marked with a USAID logo sticker in a visible location; and
- Infrastructure marked with an IAVI multi-donor plaque in a visible location.

Some ADVANCE public communications, commodities, and program materials that will not bear the USAID identity include (see table below for presumptive exceptions):

- Newspaper informational articles prepared and/or negotiated by partners. NTD program interviewees and writers will acknowledge USAID and other partner funding but cannot mandate that newspapers also publish all the USAID and partner logos.
- Minor consumable items (e.g., workshop materials such as markers, flipcharts, writing pads; lunches purchased for partners; gasoline containers for vehicles used in field work.)
- Equipment and materials of very low monetary value (e.g., amount not exceeding \$25.)

Marking with either the IAVI logo or the USAID logo (as stipulated above) should be of a size and prominence equivalent to or greater than the logos of the contractor/recipient, other donors, or other third parties. The Marking Plan Table which follows indicates the items and activities to be marked and those which are exempt from marking.

The USAID logo stickers (for equipment) can be either obtained from IAVI or ordered directly from vendors listed on the USAID website (http://www.usaid.gov/branding/suppliers.html). Three versions of the multi-donor logo below are available to allow for flexibility of usage. Upon request, an electronic file of all three versions of the IAVI multi-donor logo will be sent by IAVI to the contractor/recipient.

IAVI Multi-Donor Logo



Acknowledgements

USAID and PEPFAR

All ADVANCE products and communications will include USAID and PEPFAR logos and follow current USAID guidelines as outlined in USAID ADS Chapter 320 Branding, 2 CFR 700, and the USAID Graphic Standards Manual. ADVANCE will co-brand USAID and PEPFAR, in which the USAID logo is left-most, followed by the PEPFAR logo. Both logos will be of equal size and prominence.

The following acknowledgement will be included on all ADVANCE external and internal publications, communications materials, and ADVANCE work that appears at scientific conferences, in scientific publications and in academic journals.

This study/report/audio/visual/other information/media product (specify) is made possible by the support of the American People through the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) and the US President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR). The contents of this (specify) are the sole responsibility of IAVI and do not necessarily reflect the views of USAID, PEPFAR, or the United States Government.

Partners

Text included on a wide range of deliverables will not only acknowledge USAID's role, but also the role of other funding organizations. The following acknowledgment will be included on all ADVANCE external and internal publications.

IAVI's work is made possible by the generous support of many donors including: the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation; the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Denmark; Irish Aid; the Ministry of Finance of Japan in partnership with The World Bank; the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Netherlands; the Norwegian Agency for Development Cooperation (NORAD); the United Kingdom Department for International Development (DFID), and the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) through the U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR). The full list of IAVI donors is available at www.iavi.org. This study/report/audio/visual/other information/media product (specify) is made possible by the support of the American People through USAID and PEPFAR. The contents of this (specify) are the sole responsibility of IAVI and do not necessarily reflect the views of USAID, PEPFAR, or the United States Government.

ADVANCE Marking Plan

ACTIVITY	ITEM(S)	MARKED If NO Give Presumptive Exception*
IAVI and CORE facilities, trial sites and laboratories	Buildings	YES - IAVI's Multi-donor logo
	Laboratory and office equipment, unless item is too small or marking would impair functionality	YES - USAID logo unless item is too small (Presumptive exception v) or marking would impair functionality (Presumptive exception iv)
	Shipping containers packed with equipment or supplies to the Africa or India IAVI sites, unless marking would jeopardize the integrity of the contents	YES - IAVI's Multi-donor logo
	Consumables and laboratory supplies	NO. Presumptive exception (v): Clinical samples are too small and unsuited for individual marking
	Shipping clinical samples from site to other ADVANCE CORE or support labs	NO. Presumptive exception (i): Intrinsic independence of the clinical samples is an inherent aspect of the materials
External Publications	Informational, educational and communication materials for use by IAVI staff, partners and other stakeholders on HIV/AIDS vaccines and related topics (e.g., videos, leaflets, brochures, press release, etc.)	YES - IAVI's Multi-donor logo
	Scientific conferences, scientific publications and journal articles	YES – see "Acknowledgements" above. Please request updated and relevant acknowledgement language from the IAVI Project Manager
	Report and publications done in partnership with host country governments	NO. Presumptive exception (iii): Publications are done in partnership with government, conveying or reflecting national policies; marking would undercut host country government ownership of publications.
		YES - IAVI's Multi-donor logo

ACTIVITY	ITEM(S)	MARKED If NO Give Presumptive Exception*
Tools and Operational Documents	Toolkit for needs assessment/program planning for community involvement	
	Guidance documents (e.g., those related to community advisory boards)	YES - IAVI's Multi-donor logo
Reports	Reports of select social science research projects on issues relevant to clinical research in developing countries	YES - IAVI's Multi-donor logo
	Reports from needs assessment and monitoring and evaluation efforts	YES - IAVI's Multi-donor logo
	Reports on programs involving host country governmental policies and programs	NO. Presumptive exception (iii): Publications are done in partnership with government, conveying or reflecting national policies; marking would undercut host country government ownership of publications.
Workshops, technical meetings, consultations, seminars, and satellite meetings	Invitation letters, informational handouts, Powerpoint presentations, briefs, reports, and meeting signage	YES - IAVI's Multi-donor logo
	Invitation letters, informational handouts, briefs, reports, and meeting signage for workshops, meetings and trainings covering national policy issues and/or implemented in partnership with host country governments	NO. Presumptive exception (iii): Publications are done in partnership with government, conveying or reflecting national policies; marking would undercut host country government ownership of publications
Documentation (program implementation)	Invitation letters, informational handouts, briefs, reports, meeting signage, research working papers, policy briefs, publications and discussion papers	YES - IAVI's Multi-donor logo
	Internal Documents (e.g., Good Clinical Laboratory Practice guidelines, standard operating	NO. Presumptive exception (ii): Data and findings must be seen as independent because it is a regulatory document

ACTIVITY	ITEM(S)	MARKED
		If NO Give Presumptive Exception*
	procedures guidelines, audits, validation study reports, clinical trial study reports, etc.)	
Social Media, Websites, TV, Radio	,	YES - IAVI's Multi-donor logo TV/Radio spots will also include an audio tagline "This Program is supported by USAID."

^{*}Note: If IAVI determines that a presumptive exception is no longer applicable and the item/activity can be marked, IAVI will notify the sub-recipient or contractor in writing that these items/activities should also be marked with the IAVI multi-donor logo (which includes the USAID and PEPFAR logos). Any exceptions to this will be submitted to USAID for approval on a case-by-case basis.