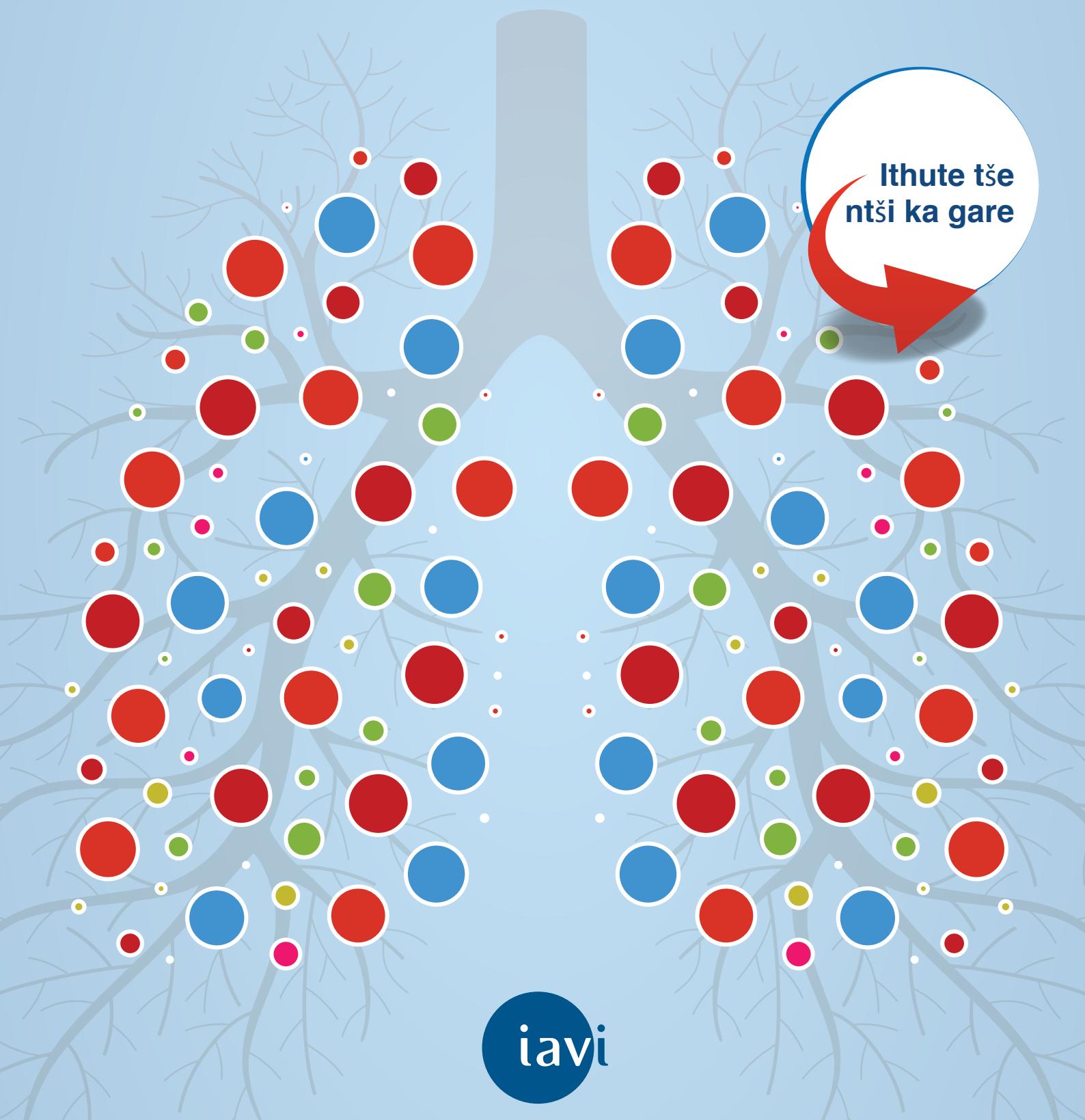


DITHIBELA TŠA BOLWETŠI BJA MAFAHLA & DITEKO TŠA KALAFO



Ithute tše
ntši ka gare

iavi

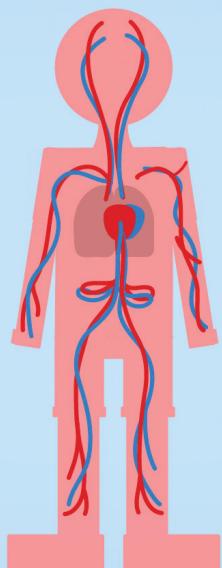
DITEKO TŠA KALAFOL TŠA THIBELA YA TB

MATSENO

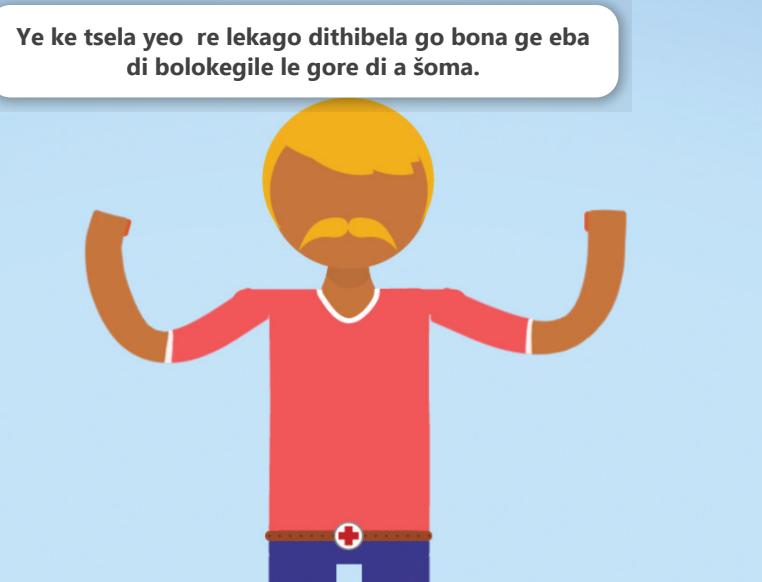
Thobela, ke nna William. Ge eba go na le dipotšišo tseo o nago le tšona ka ga bolvetši bja mafahla goba TB, ka ge e bišwa bjalo ka setlwaedi, dithibela goba diteko tša kalafo, o ka mpotšiša. Ke fa go go thuša ge eba go na le seo o se hlokago.



Ke nnete, ke tla go botša tše dintši! Diteko tša kalafo tša thibela ya TB di thuša go kgoboketša nyakišišo ka ga thibela ye mpsha ya go thibela TB.



Ka tsela yeo, re ka latišiša go bona ka moo mebele ya batho e amogelago thibela, le gore naa e ka kgona go ba šireletša go pakteria ya TB goba aowa.



Ka ge o bona, re ka kgona go hwetša thibela ye mpsha, ye kaone ge fela batho ba ka ikemišetša go tše karolo ditekong tše.



Ke kgetho ya bona gomme ba tše sephetho sa gore ba e tsenela goba aowa.

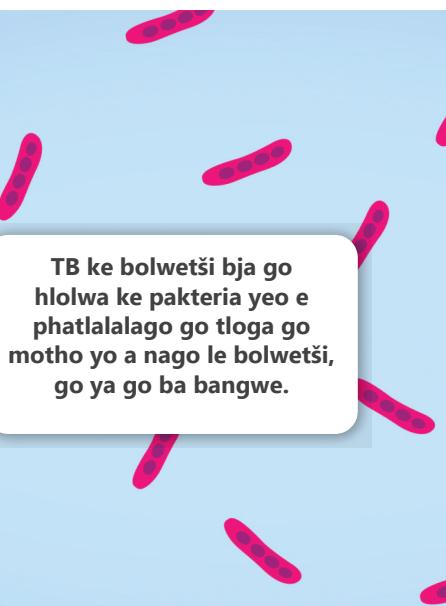
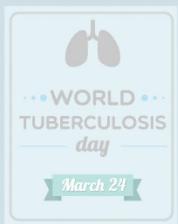


Joo, ka nnete ke mošomo wo bohlokwa wo le o dirago fa. Ke a tseba gore TB ke bolwetši bja kotsi. Nka thaba ge e ka emišwa.



Ee, le nna!

CINICAL TRIAL CENTER



TB ke bolwetši bja go hlolwa ke pakteria yeo e phatlalalago go tloga go motho yo a nago le bolwetši, go ya go ba bangwe.

TB e phatlalala ka moyka efe goba efe ya tše di latelago:

ahem-ahem.....a-chooo.....bla-bla-bla.....ptooie.....tra-la-la-la-la



Go gohlola



Go ethimola



Go bolela



Go tshwa



Go opela

TB ke bothata gohle lefaseng.



Dinageng tše dingwe, go swana le ya rena, TB ke bothata bjo bogolo.



TB e bolaya batho ba bantši mo lefaseng go feta malwetši a mangwe ka moka a go fetela, gomme dimilione tša batho di fetelwa ke TB ngwaga o mongwe le o mongwe.

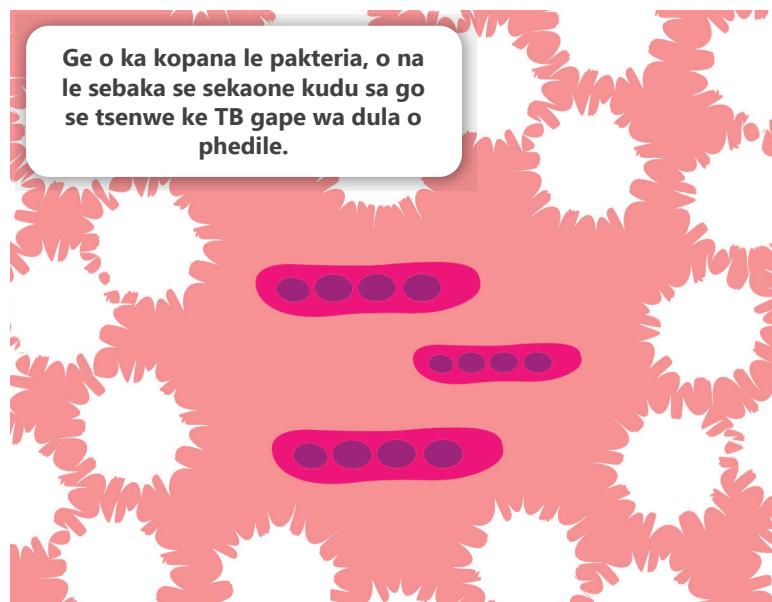
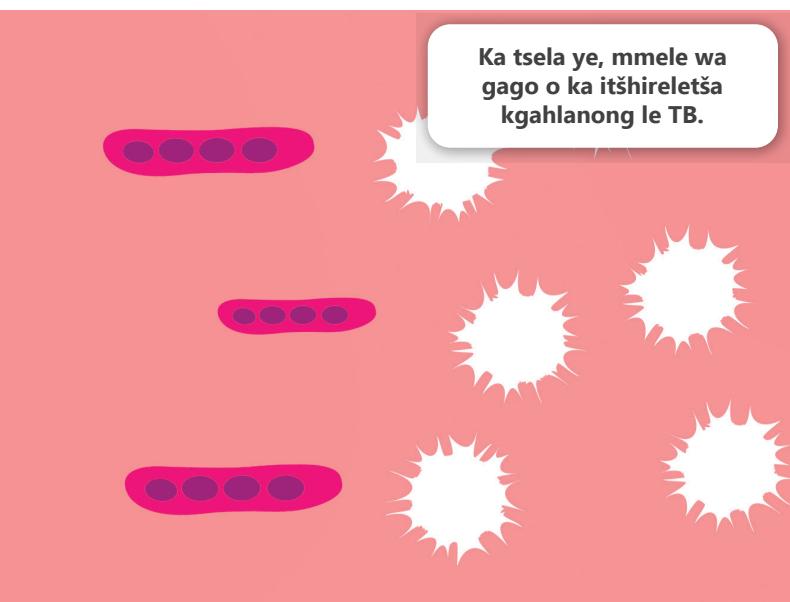
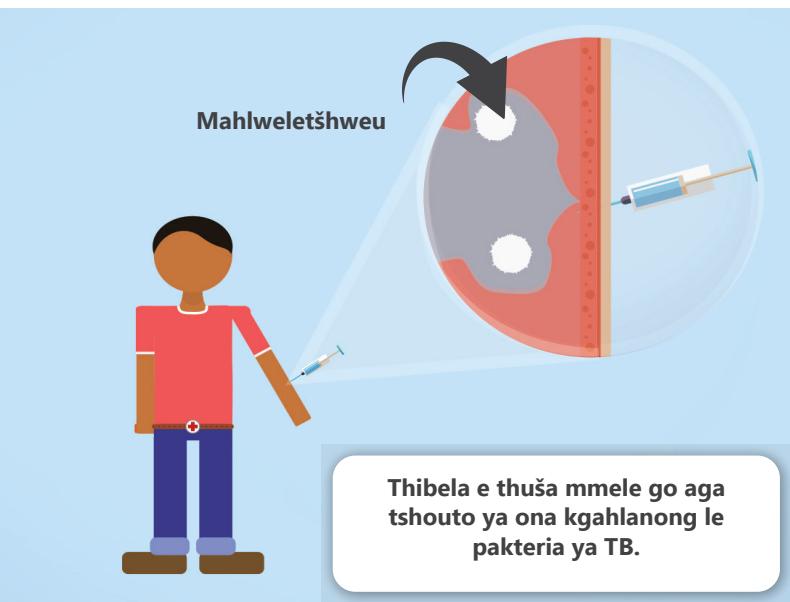


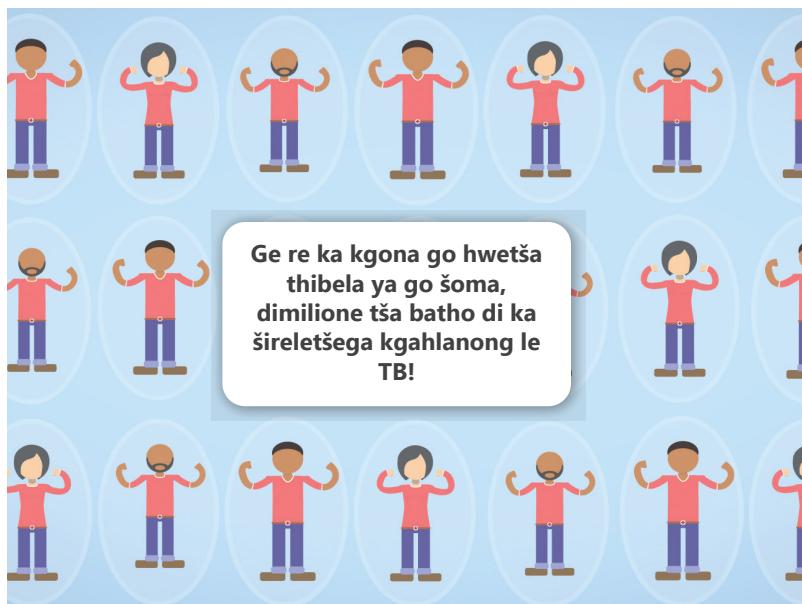
Re nyaka go emiša go fetelwa ke bolwetši TB ga batho ba bantši, ke ka fao re dirago nyakišio le diteko tša kalafo.



Re a nyakišia le go leka dithibela tše mpsha go thuša batho gore ba soute go TB le go ba emiša gore ba se lwale.

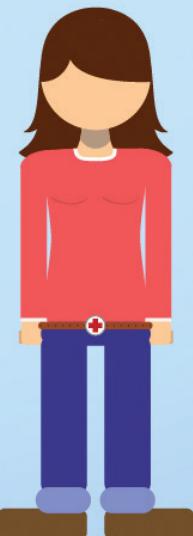








Diteko tše dingwe di
nyaka batho bao ba
nago le HIV.



Diteko tše dingwe di
nyaka batho bao ba
se nago le HIV.



Ba bangwe ke ba
bannyane.



Ba bangwe ke
batho ba bagolo.

Eupša ke boikgethelo bja motho go tsenela, gomme ba
dira seo fela ka morago ga ge ba bile le teko gape ba
hlalošeditšwe tshepedišo ka botlalo gomme ba kwešiša
gore go tšeа karolo go bolela eng. Ba ka ikgethela go
tlogela teko nako efe goba efe.



Diteko tše di dirwa gohle lefaseng!



Efela go bohlokwa kudu gore re dire diteko tše mafelong ao go nago le TB ye ntši, go swana le fa, setšhabeng sa ren.



Ke lefelo le le kaonekaone go hwetša ge eba thibela e bolokegile gape e a šoma.



Ge thibela ye mpsha ya go šomago e ka hwetšwa ka pela, TB e ka emišwa ka pela gore e se lwatše dimilione tša batho gohle lefaseng!



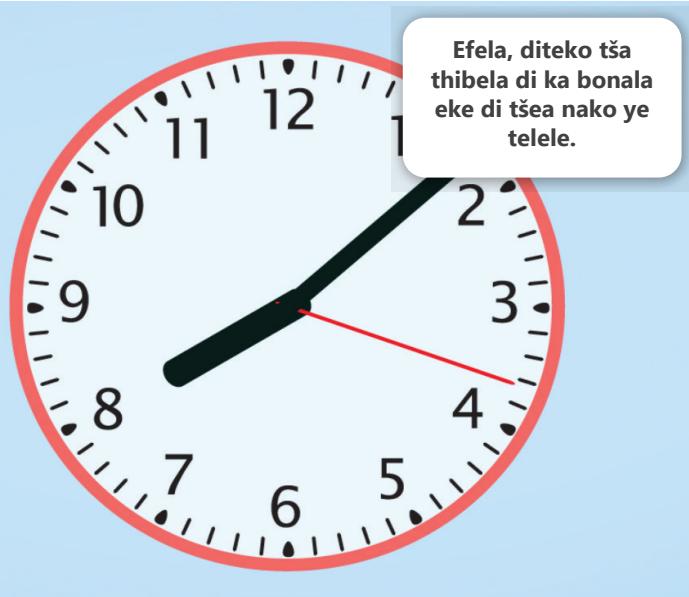
Ke tloga ke nyaka go thusa! Go tla thabiša ge nka ba karolo ya nyakišišo yeo e hwetšago thibela ye mpsha go thibela TB! Naa teko ya mohuta wo e tsea lebaka le kaakang?

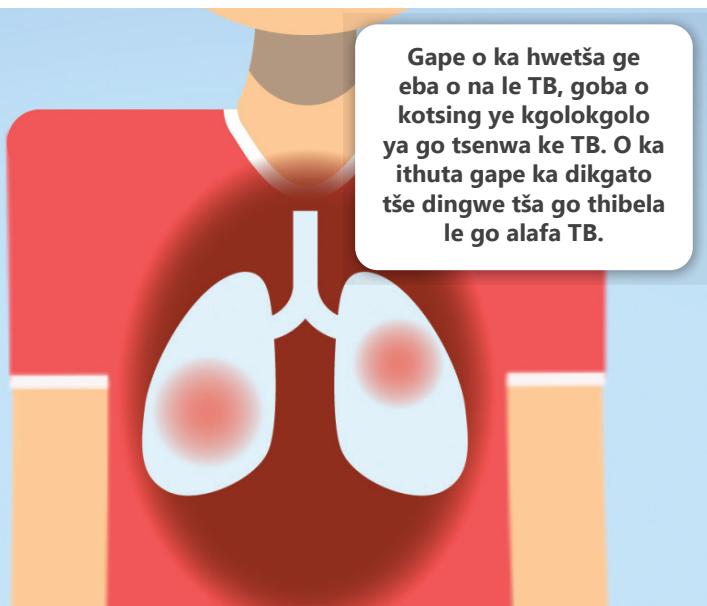


Ge motho a ingwadiša go tsea karolo go teko ya tsa kalafo, ga a thuše fela nyakišišo ya thibela ye mpsha, eupša go na le kgonagalo ya gore a thuše lefase ka bophara!

X _____

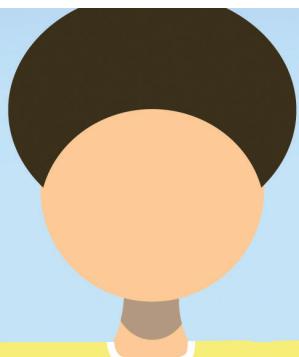
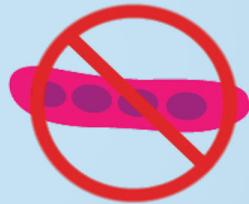




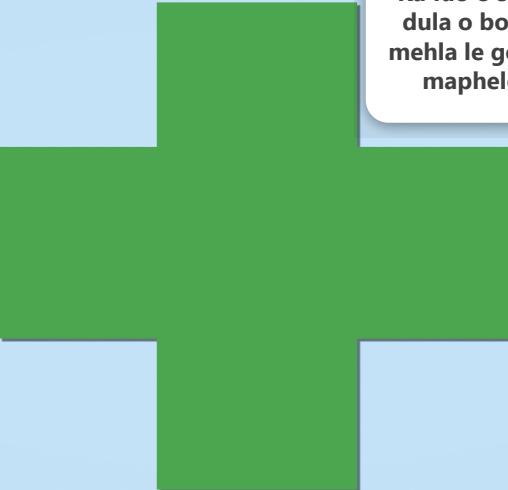




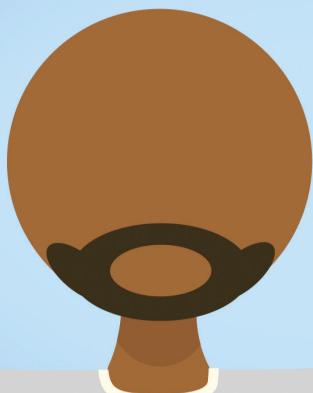
Go bohlokwa go tseba gore thibela ya TB ka boyona e ka se go tsenye TB goba HIV.



Efela le ge o ka fiwa thibela, o sa le kotsing ya go swaetšwa ke pakteria yeo e hlolagoTB, go tsenwa ke bolwetši bja TB goba go swaetšwa ka HIV lefaseng la nnete.



Ka fao o swanetše go dula o bolokegile ka mehla le go hlokomela maphelo a gago.

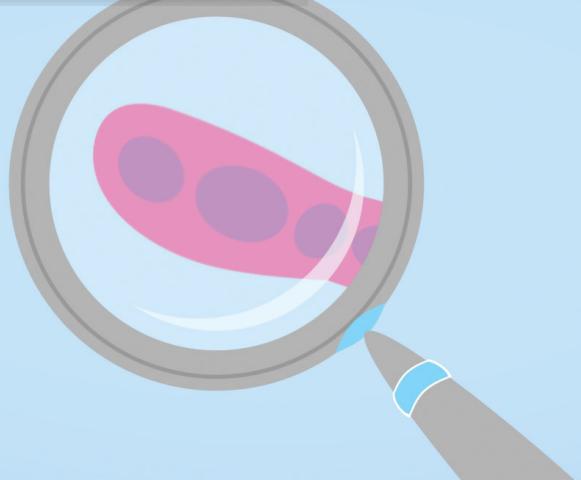


Seo se kwagala se lokile. Efela le tla hloka go goga madi a ka?

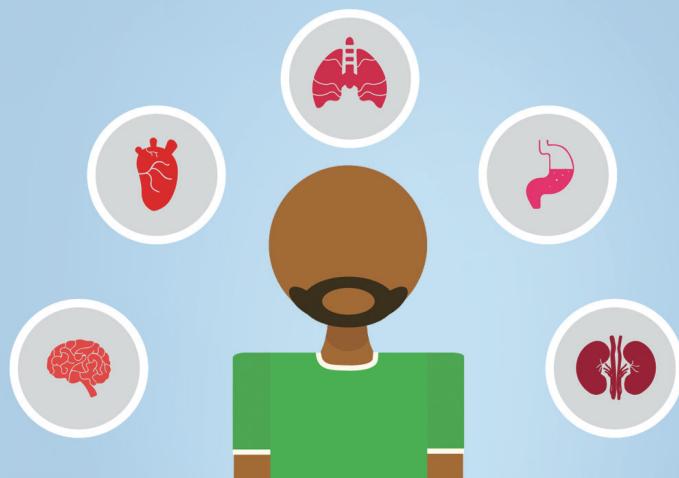
Ge o le karolo ya teko ya thibela ya TB, re tla swanelwa ke go go goga madi.



Re dira se go hwetša ge eba o tla kgona go tsenela teko.

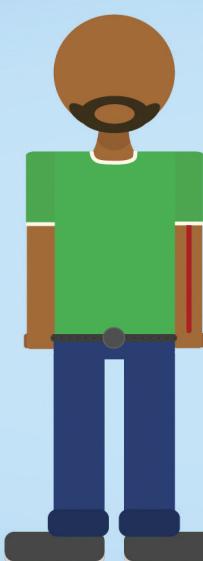


Re se direla le go lekola ge eba o phedile.



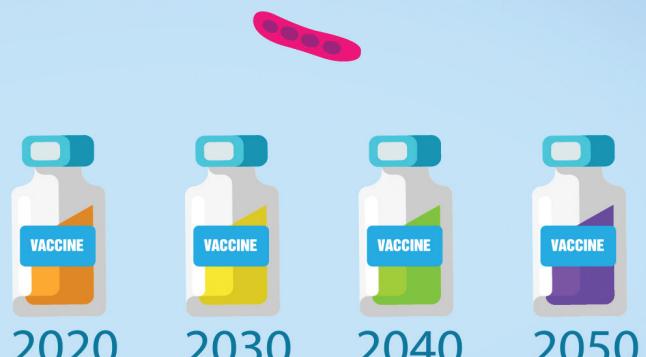
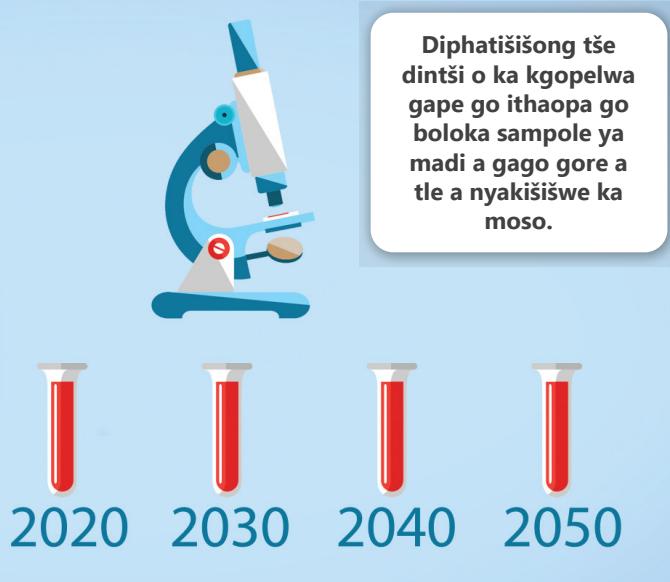
Gape ra šomiša madi a gago go ithuta tše dintši ka ga thibela le ka mo mmele wa gago o e amogelago.

Mabapi le gore ke madi a makaakang ao re a kgoboketšago. Ditšhupu tše mmalwa, tseo di rwalago go ka lekana lehwana la teye la madi go ye nngwe le ye nngwe. Seo se ka fapana go ya ka diteko tša go fapana.



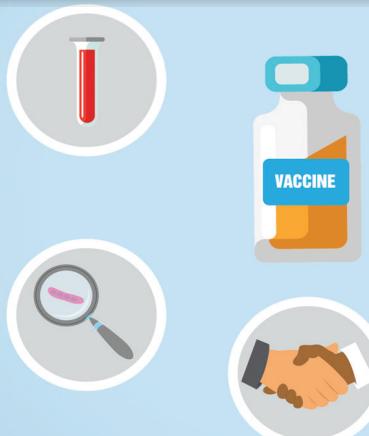
Mmele wa gago o tla bušetša madi mo matšatšing a 2.

Diphatišišong tše dintši o ka kgopelwa gape go ithaopa go boloka sampole ya madi a gago gore a tle a nyakišišwe ka moso.

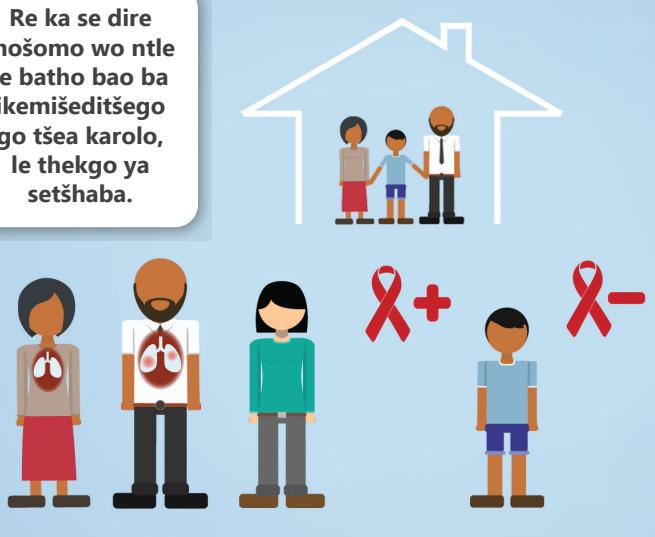


Ka tsela yeo, re ithuta tše dintši ka ga TB le dithibela tša meloko ya ka moso.

Go hlama thibela ye mpsha ya TB ke mošomo wo boima wo montši wa go ithekga ka tšomisanommogo.



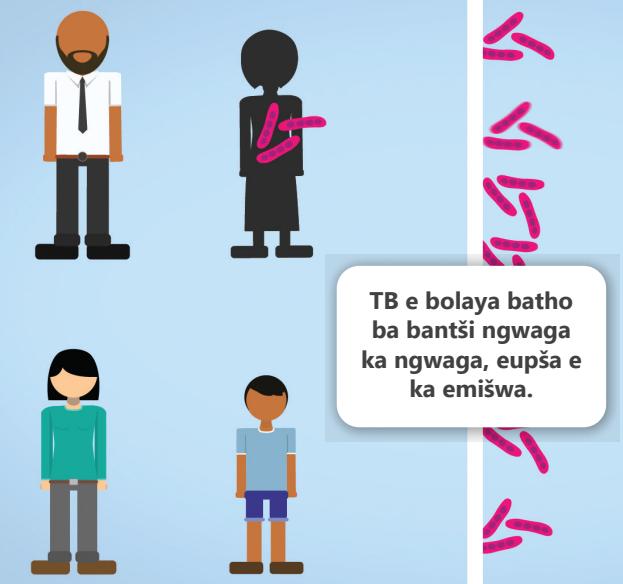
Re ka se dire mošomo wo ntle le batho bao ba ikemišeditšego go tšea karolo, le thekgo ya setšhaba.



Gabjale ke kgona go bona gore ke ka lebaka la eng go le bohlokwa go dira nyakišišo, le go thuša ka mo nka kgonago. Le ge nka se tseye karolo go efe goba efe ya diteko, ke tla thekga batho bao ba di dirago, le go phatlatalaša lentšu ka ga dithibela le diteko tša kalafo tšeо mohlomongwe di ka emišago TB ka letšatši le lengwe!



TB e bolaya batho ba bantši ngwaga ka ngwaga, eupša e ka emišwa.



Go hlabolla dithibela tša TB ke tsela ya bohlokwa ya go fihlelela nepo yeo. Dithibela tše di lekilwego ditekong tša kalafo di ka ba bohlokwa kudu maphelong a batho lefaseng ka bophara, gomme a re thuša go ithuta tše ntši ka ga TB le ka mo e ka thibelwago.



A re šomeng mmogo go emiša TB, bakeng sa polokego le maphele a ren a moka!





IAVI's mission is to translate scientific discoveries into affordable, globally accessible public health solutions.